

Exceptional Score Reduction (ESR)

<u>Golf Canada Handicap System (pre-2020)</u>: When a player submits two or more Tournament Scores (T-scores) within a 12-month period that are at least 3.0 strokes better than their Handicap Index, they are eligible for an automatic Handicap Index reduction.

The amount of the reduction is determined by the number of T-scores submitted by a player within the last 12-months, as well as the difference between the Handicap Index and the average of the two best T-score Handicap Differentials.

<u>Rule Change for 2020</u>: When a player submits a score that produces a Score Differential of 7.0 strokes or more below their Handicap Index, they will be subject to an *Exceptional Score Reduction*.

- When the Score Differential is between 7.0 and 9.9 strokes below their current Handicap Index, a <u>-1.0</u> reduction is applied to the most recent 20 score differentials. When the Score Differential is 10.0 strokes or more below their Handicap Index, a <u>-2.0</u> reduction is applied to the most recent 20 score differentials.
- Scores submitted after the exceptional score will not contain the -1.0 or -2.0 adjustment (unless they are also exceptional), which will allow reduction to gradually work itself out of a Scoring Record.

Reasons for Change:

> To simplify the automatic reduction process.

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- Section 10-3 of "The Golf Canada Handicap System" is nearly five pages long. Exceptional Score Reduction will be covered in less than one page in the Rules of Handicapping.
- This new procedure will be straightforward and intuitive. When a player submits an exceptional score, they will receive an automatic adjustment of -1.0 or -2.0.
- Handicap research shows that players who have shot 7.0 strokes below their Handicap Index are more likely to do so again in the future.
- Under the Golf Canada Handicap System, only rounds played in events designated by the Committee as T-scores can lead to an automatic reduction.
 - There has been confusion as to which competitions should receive the T-score designation, and as a result it has been applied inconsistently.
 - By considering all scores in the Exceptional Score Reduction procedure, a player's Handicap Index will be more responsive to exceptional performances in competitive and recreational play.
- Since T-scores under the Golf Canada Handicap System are retained for 12-months and compared to the Handicap Index at each revision, it is possible for T-scores that were not exceptional at the time they were made to become exceptional at a later date. This will no longer take place in 2020.